

<p><b>Enhancement Card</b></p> <p><b>There is an atmosphere!</b></p> <p><i>Earth and Venus are the right size to hold a sufficient atmosphere that can help warm and protect the surface.</i></p>	<p><b>Enhancement Card</b></p> <p><b>There is a way to circulate chemicals important to life!</b></p> <p><i>Earth has a water cycle, an atmosphere, and volcanoes to circulate nutrients.</i></p>	<p><b>Enhancement Card</b></p> <p><b>The temperature is right for life at the surface (−15°C to 115°C)!</b></p> <p><i>At the surface, only Earth has temperatures in this range on a sustained basis.</i></p>	<p><b>Enhancement Card</b></p> <p><b>The temperature is right for life below the surface (−15°C to 115°C)!</b></p> <p><i>Beneath their surfaces, many of the solid planets and moons may have temperatures good for life.</i></p>
<p><b>Enhancement Card</b></p> <p><b>There is light energy!</b></p> <p><i>The inner planets receive lots of light energy, so cells able to photosynthesize can run the chemical reactions necessary for life.</i></p>	<p><b>Enhancement Card</b></p> <p><b>There are chemicals important to life!</b></p> <p><i>All the solid planets and moons have chemicals life can use for growth and energy.</i></p>	<p><b>Enhancement Card</b></p> <p><b>There is ice!</b></p> <p><i>Mars and some of Jupiter’s moons seem to have deposits of underground ice, which might melt to produce water.</i></p>	<p><b>Enhancement Card</b></p> <p><b>There is water!</b></p> <p><i>Earth has water at the surface. Europa has a vast ocean beneath its outer shell of ice. Mars may have water near the surface.</i></p>