

8/16/66

## BENDIX SYSTEMS DIVISION ANN ARBOR, MICH.

Failure Rate Modifiers - ALSEP Inoperative Phases

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This ATM presents the failure rate modifiers to be used for various types of ALSEP equipment during those mission phases from launch through deployment.

The failure rate modifiers are determined to be:

= 0.52 F Electrical F Electromechanical = 5.20 = 52.0 F Mechanical

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NO. ATM 359 REV. NO. A

Determination of failure rates associated with equipment in a non-operating standby condition involves the use of modifiers to the basic failure rate in accordance with the following relationship.

$$P_s = e^{-(\lambda t K_E K^l p)}$$

where P<sub>s</sub> = Probability of success during standby operation

> = Basic generic failure rate under laboratory

conditions

t = Time of mission phase under consideration

 $K_{E}$  = Environmental failure rate modifier

 $K^{T}$  = Type of equipment failure rate modifier:

= 0.001 for electronic equipment

= 0.010 for electromechanical equipment

= 0.100 for mechanical equipment

p = Probability of occurance modifier

For simplicication purposes, the factors  $K_E$ , p, & t are combined into a single factor,  $\underline{F}_B$  which is suitably modified by  $K^l$ , according to equipment type, so that the relationship now becomes:

$$P_s = 1 - e^{-\lambda} F$$

The generation of  $\mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{B}}$  was accomplished by the matrix shown in Table I by means of the relationship:

$$F_{B} = \sum_{i=1}^{i=14} (t \cdot K_{E} \cdot p)i$$

Mission times in Table I were obtained from Table 2.2 of NASA ALSEP Familarization Meeting; MSC, Houston, Texas; 1 Sept., 1965. K<sub>E</sub> values were obtained from Table II. 10-3, pg. II. 10-35; General Electric Technical Memorandum ASD-R-05-64, 15 May, 1964.



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Table I
FR Generation Matrix

i Mission Phase	t Time Applied, Hours	K <sub>E</sub> Environmental Modifier	p Probability Modifier
l. Launch 2. Earth Orbit 3. Exit 4. Coast 5. Transposition 6. Coast & Mid-Course Corrections 7. Lunar Orbit Insert 8. Lunar Orbit 9. Separation 10. Transfer Orbit Insert 11. Lunar Descent 12. Lunar Landing 13. Lunar Deployment - No Drop 14. Lunar Deployment -	0.197 2.814 0.088 0.250 0.450 60.452 0.097 3.722 0.333 0.010 0.968 0.159 0.333	1500 0.9000 1000 0.9000 10.00 1.000 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 250.0 8.000	1. 0 1. 0 1. 0 1. 0 1. 0 1. 0 1. 0 1. 0
Drop	0. 333		0.05

 $F_B$  = 520.0777 since F equip =  $K^I F_B$ , we have;

 $F = electrical = 0.001F_B = 0.5200777$ 

F = electromechanical = 0.01FB = 5.200777

F = mechanical = 0.1FB = 52.00777

Of particular note is the caution to be employed in the use of these F values; these are for inoperative standby conditions only. Any mechanical structure whose primary function is the transportation of ALSEP equipment to the lunar surface should have failure rates determined in the normal manner; these F values do not apply in those cases. Prime examples would be the pallet structures and the fuel cask assembly.

These F values should be used for determination of all failure rates in the inoperative launch through deployment phase of the ALSEP Program.