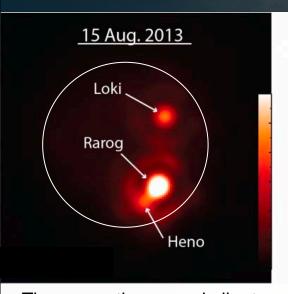
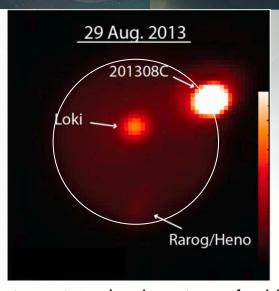
## Massive Eruptions on lo





Jupiter's moon lo, the only place in the solar system known to have volcanoes that produce hot lava, aside from Earth, may be even more active than previously thought.

 Observations of Io in the infrared, made using the Keck and Gemini Observatories on Mauna Kea in Hawaii, showed three major eruptions in a two week period – much more frequent than the previously assumed rate of once every few years.

- These eruptions are similar to past events on lo where tens of cubic miles of lava (roughly 100 times the eruption of Mt. St. Helens or 10 times the eruption of Pinatubo) erupted in a short period of time.
- The brightest (and therefore hottest) eruption on August 15, at a known caldera called Rarog Patera, was calculated to have produced a lava flow covering 50 square miles, 30 feet thick. The other eruption, near the caldera Heno, produced flows covering 120 square miles.
- The last eruption, labeled 201308C, was one of the brightest ever observed on lo, and was likely in the form of "curtains of fire" where lava blasted out of fissures potentially miles long. This eruption was tracked for almost two weeks to investigate how volcanic eruptions affect the atmosphere and the plasma torus an area of ionized gas near lo's orbit around Jupiter.
- The extremely hot lavas produced by lo are likely similar to those that erupted on the early Earth, giving us insight into the processes on our young planet.

