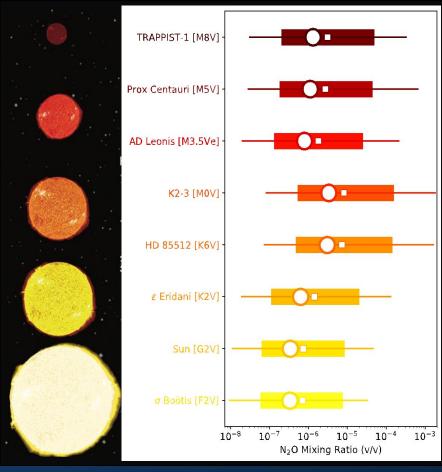
## Press Release

## N<sub>2</sub>O as a Biosignature for Exoplanets



Predicted accumulation of N<sub>2</sub>O on Earth-like planets orbiting FGKM stars with surface fluxes of 0.0-100 Tmol yr<sup>1</sup>

N<sub>2</sub>O, a product of biological nitrogen metabolism, could accumulate to detectable abundances on terrestrial exoplanets, making it a potential indicator for the presence of life beyond Earth.

- Biogenic gases in the atmosphere of distant exoplanets are a promising approach for inferring the presence of life. The most reliable gases to consider remains an area of active debate.
- This study predicted N<sub>2</sub>O concentrations over a range of atmospheric oxygen levels, host star spectral types, and N<sub>2</sub>O surface fluxes using linked series of biogeochemical and photochemical models. Results showed plausibly detectable levels of N<sub>2</sub>O productivity on an exoplanet like TRAPPIST-1e.
- The James Webb Space Telescope and future exoplanet observatories could be used for future N<sub>2</sub>O observations of Earth-like planets orbiting K dwarf stars.