

Librarians' Guide to Comets:

Comet Siding Spring

What are comets?

Comets are fascinating objects made of ice and rock that come from the very edges of the outer solar system. Comets may be as old as 4.6 billion years old, forming at the same time as Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus and Neptune. Some scientists speculate comets may be more than 4.6 billion years old – older than our solar system. Whatever their age, comets are frozen time capsules containing information about the very beginnings of our solar system, and may be responsible for delivering organic molecules – the building blocks of life – to Earth.

Where do they come from?

Comets come from two regions in the outer solar system: the Kuiper Belt (home to Pluto) and the Oort Cloud. The two billion mile-wide Kuiper Belt lies in the plane of our solar system and begins just past the orbit of Neptune. Halley's Comet comes from the Kuiper Belt. The Oort Cloud, a sphere of icy bodies that surrounds the solar system, is not well understood due to its extreme distance from the Earth and the rest of the planets. Though comets usually stay in these regions, they are occasionally "pulled" in towards the inner solar system by gravity.

Comet Siding Spring

Comet Siding Spring is a visitor from the Oort Cloud. It will pass close to Mars, coming within 82,000 miles (132,000 km) of the Red Planet at 2:28 P.M. Eastern Time on October 19, 2014. That does not seem very close, but consider that if Comet Siding Spring was to pass that close to Earth, it would be three times closer to the Earth than the Moon! When Comet Siding Spring was first discovered on January 3, 2013, scientists predicted there was a chance the comet could collide with Mars. After making more observations as Comet Siding Spring has come closer, scientists now do not expect it will collide with Mars. However, all of NASA's spacecraft operating at Mars will monitor Comet Siding Spring and the interaction of its dust with the planet's atmosphere to learn more about these infrequent visitors to our inner solar system.

Upcoming Events

Find information and resources about upcoming celestial events and NASA mission milestones to share with your patrons at http://www.lpi.usra.edu/education/look_up.





Comets in Your Library

Use the resources below to create a program for your patrons to explore comets, including Comet Siding Spring and its close encounter with Mars. Create a comet program that fits your library's schedule and needs. Consider fitting comets into your ongoing programming – lectures for inquisitive adults, family programs, and children's programming. Perhaps design a week-long investigation into comets with hands-on activities, demonstrations, and video clips, presentations by comet researchers from local colleges or universities, and a culminating night-sky viewing event. Alternatively, pick one activity for your young patrons to celebrate Comet Siding Spring's encounter with Mars and then encourage them to follow the news and explore more on their own!

Selected Books

Comets, Meteors, and Asteroids: Voyagers of the Solar System *Ellen Lawrence, Ruby Tuesday Books, 2014, ISBN 978-1909673229*

Children ages 4-8 are introduced to space rocks, including asteroids, meteorites, and "space snowballs."

Exploring Dangers in Space: Asteroids, Space Junk, and More *Buffy Silverman, Learner Publishing Group, Inc., 2012, ISBN 9780761354468*This book discusses space collisions, from the asteroids and comets that strike Earth and other planets to the work scientists are doing to protect our planet. For ages 7–12.

View more book titles at http://www.lpi.usra.edu/education/explore/comets/resources/books.shtml.

Websites

Comet Siding Spring at NASA's Mars Exploration Program http://mars.nasa.gov/comets/sidingspring/



About Comets

http://solarsystem.nasa.gov/planets/profile.cfm?Object=Comets&Display=OverviewLong

10 Need-to-Know Things About Comets
http://solarsystem.nasa.gov/planets/profile.cfm?Object=Comets

Comet Images

http://solarsystem.nasa.gov/planets/profile.cfm?Object=Comets&Display=Gallery

Comet Videos

http://solarsystem.nasa.gov/multimedia/videos.cfm?&Object=Comets

Comets vs. Asteroids Fact Sheet

http://solarsystem.nasa.gov/planets/docs/Comet_factsheet_4-25-12_b.pdf

Missions to Comets: http://solarsystem.nasa.gov/missions/profile.cfm?Sort=Target&Target=Comets&Era=Present

Explore comets with hands-on activities!

Explore! Dry Ice Comet

http://www.lpi.usra.edu/education/explore/comets/activities/drylceComet.shtml

Grade Levels: K-12

In this activity dry ice and other household items are used to construct a demonstration model of a comet that illustrates the composition and parts of a comet.

Comet Mystery Boxes

http://stardustnext.jpl.nasa.gov/education/pdfs/CometMysteryBox_EducatorGuide.pdf

Grade Levels: K-8

Learners explore the physical characteristics of comets by reaching into a series of boxes and feeling the materials and structures within. They describe what they observe and speculate on comet characteristics, opening the discussion about the nature of these icy bodies and comparison to other members of our solar system.

Comet on a Stick

http://epoxi.umd.edu/4education/mod_cometstick/Modeling_Comets_EG.pdf

Grade Levels: 4-8

Learners replicate the scientific processes of observing, forming an explanation, revising and communicating about a model of a comet. Learners construct a model of features of a comet using an assortment of common craft supplies. This activity relates to several NASA comet missions such as Deep Impact, Stardust, Stardust-NExT, and EPOXI and can be used to emulate a process that scientists and engineers follow on all missions.

The above activities, and other NASA educational activities, can be found at http://nasawavelength.org.

Night Sky Viewing Events

Consider holding an evening observing session at your library! While Comet Siding Spring's encounter with Mars may not be visible from most telescopes on Earth, telescope viewing can still be a great way to learn about different objects in the night sky and to talk about the event. Ask your local astronomical society to bring their telescopes for an evening viewing. Use the links below to locate a local astronomy club and/or speaker.

Night Sky Network

http://nightsky.jpl.nasa.gov/clubs-and-events.cfm

The Night Sky Network is a nationwide coalition of amateur astronomy clubs bringing the science, technology, and inspiration of NASA's missions to the general public.

NASA/JPL Solar System Ambassadors

http://www2.jpl.nasa.gov/ambassador/directory.htm

Solar System Ambassadors is a nationwide program consisting of volunteers who communicate the excitement of NASA/JPL's space exploration missions and information about recent discoveries to people in their local communities.

Add a Creative Twist

"The "why" of space exploration is a matter of emotions and instincts... It takes a variety of languages, including, those of art, music, and literature, to teach."
- Piers Bizony, "The Bigger Pictures"

Ever read a good science-fiction book or watch a futuristic movie like "Star Wars," "Star Trek," "Ender's Game" or "The Time Machine?" Science fiction is storytelling that reflects scientific thought and foresees and communicates a future based on the reality of today. Literature, movies, music and works of visual art all have the power to communicate an idea and elicit emotion from an audience.

Encourage your patrons to create an artistic interpretation of the Comet Siding Spring encounter with Mars!

A Comet Encounter

Jacqueline Moliner is an avid science fan and professional artist. Her enthusiasm for all things Space inspires her to research the science behind celestial events and create her Cosmic Funnies series. This combination of art with science is a great example of a fun way she shares her passion with others. *A Comet Encounter* was motivated by Comet Siding Spring's close encounter with Mars.

You can see more of the Cosmic Funnies and follow Jacqueline's other work at http://cosmicfunnies.tumblr.com/

