62275

Cataclastic Anorthosite 443 grams



Figure 1: Photo of 62275 before it broke-up. NASA S72-40930. Cube is 1 cm.

Introduction

62275 was found half buried in the regolith near Buster Crater and was thought to be related to ejecta from Buster Crater (Sutton 1981). It is a very friable, chalky white rock (figure 1) that broke up into powder (figure 8) during handling in curatorial labs and has not been adequately studied. It appears to be similar to 62236, 62237 and the white portion of 62255, but the plagioclase composition appears more calcic.

Petrography

Prinz et al. (1973) and Dowty et al. (1974) describe 62275 as a brecciated, shock-metamorphosed anorthosite and note that it has "higher total mafic content than for other ferroan anorthosites".

Most of the large transparent fragments are not feldspar, but brownish glass of near-feldspar composition (Prinz et al. 1973). Only about a third of the feldspathic fragments are crystalline plagioclase – evidence of a high degree of shock metamorphism (figures 3 and 4).

Prinz et al. (1973) and Herzberg (1979) discuss the importance of the FeCr₂O₄ content of the chromite in this and other plutonic lunar rocks, attempting to obtain the depth of origin of these rocks.

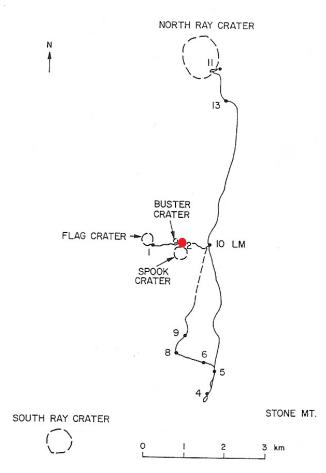
Mineralogy

Olivine: Prinz et al. (1973) reported olivine as Fo_{59 8}.

Pyroxene: Prinz et al. (1973) found orthopyroxene was Wo_{3.1}En₆₇ and rare clinopyroxene was Wo_{45.1}En_{38.1}. Warner et al. (1976) give a plot of the pyroxene composition (figure 4).

Mineralogical Mode for 62275

| | Prinz et | Warren e | | |
|-------------|-----------------|-----------|--|--|
| | al. 1973 | al. 1983 | | |
| Olivine | 6 | 7 (mafic) | | |
| Pyroxene | | | | |
| Ortho | 1 | | | |
| Clino | tr. | | | |
| Plagioclase | 93 (inc. Glass) | 93 | | |
| Cr-Spinel | fr ` | | | |



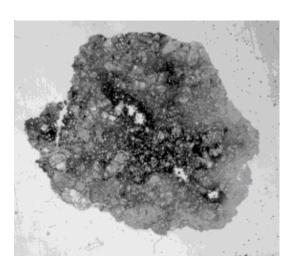


Figure 2: Photomicrograph of thin section 62275,4. Scale 1 cm.

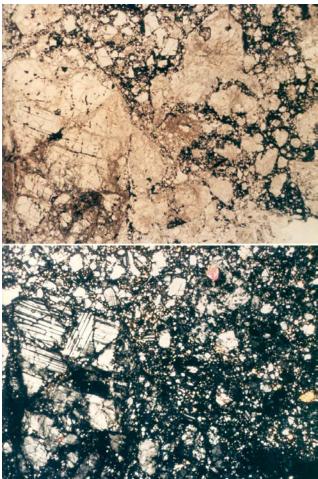


Figure 3: Photomicrographs of thin section of 62275. Field of view is 3 mm. NASA S72-42234 and S72-42233. Top is plane polarized light and bottom is same area with crossed polarizers showing high percentage of isotropic material.

Plagioclase: The plagioclase in 62275 is very calcic (An_{97-99}) and has low Mg content (Prinz et al. 1973). Warren et al. (1983) confirmed the very calcic nature of the plagioclase in this rock.

Cr-spinel: Prinz et al. (1973) report Al-rich, Cr-spinel and give an analysis.

Chemistry

Warren et al. (1983) appear to have analyzed nearly pure plagioclase (figure 7). They find the rock has very low meteoritic siderophile content.



Figure 4: Photo of thin section 62275,3. About 2 mm across. S72-45697.

Cosmogenic isotopes and exposure ages

Clark and Keith (1973) determined cosmic-ray induced activity as 26 Al = 94 dpm/kg. and 22 Na = 28 dpm/kg.

Processing

Houston, you have a problem (figure 8)! There are only 3 thin sections of 62275.

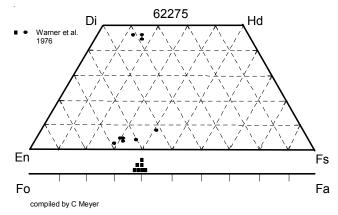
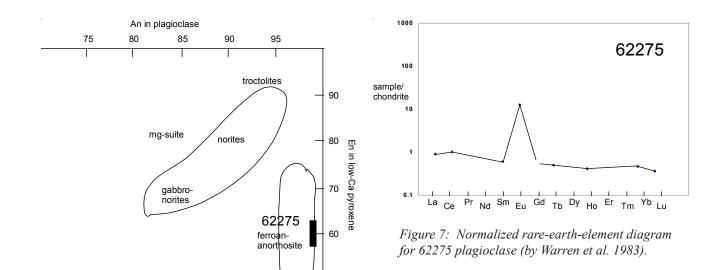


Figure 5: Olivine and pyroxene composition of 62275.



50

Figure 6: Plagioclase and pyroxene composition of 62275.



Figure 8: Processing photo of 62275 showing how friable and powdery it is.

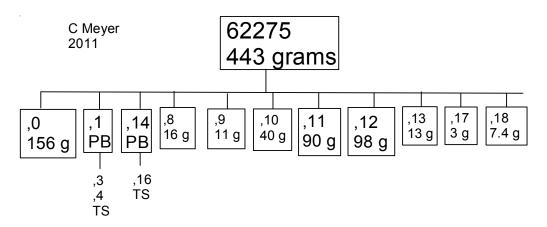


Table 1. Chemical composition of 62275.

| | | | Dring 73 | , | matrix alac | · - | nlag? | |
|--|------------------------|------------------|----------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------------|------|--|--------------------------|
| reference weight SiO2 % TiO2 Al2O3 FeO MnO | Clark 73 | | Prinz 73 Dowty 74 Warner76 | | matrix glass Prinz 73 | | plag? Warren 83 | |
| | | | 43.7 0.04 33.1 2.2 | (b) (b) | 44.3 0.13 30.2 3.4 0.04 | (b) | 43.86 0.036 35.3 0.54 0.01 | (c) (c) (c) (c) |
| MgO CaO | | | 1.91 18.4 | | 3.1 18.6 | | 0.4 19.45 | (c) |
| Na2O | 0.0470 | (-) | 0.3 | (b) | 0.34 | (b) | 0.32 | (c) |
| K2O P2O5 S % sum | 0.0178 | (a) | 0.06 | (D) | 0.03 | (D) | 0.021 | (c) |
| Sc ppm V | | | | | | | 1.7 | (c) |
| Cr Co Ni Cu | | | 1984 | (b) | 410 | (b) | 96 0.58 0.13 | (c) (c) |
| Zn Ga | | | | | | | 1.11 3.4 | (c) |
| Ge ppb As Se | | | | | | | 4.6 | (c) |
| Rb Sr | | | | | | | 2 147 | (c) |
| Y Zr Nb | | | | | | | 90 | (c) |
| Mo Ru Rh Pd ppb Ag ppb | | | | | | | | |
| Cd ppb In ppb Sn ppb Sb ppb Te ppb | | | | | | | 1.1 | (c) |
| Cs ppm Ba La Ce Pr | | | | | | | 11 0.21 0.61 | (c) (c) |
| Nd Sm Eu Gd | | | | | | | 0.088 0.7 | (c) |
| Tb Dy | | | | | | | 0.018 | (c) |
| Ho Er | | | | | | | 0.023 | (c) |
| Tm Yb | | | | | | | 0.074 | (c) |
| Lu Hf Ta | | | | | | | 0.0088 0.036 0.026 | (c) (c) |
| W ppb Re ppb | | | | | | | <0.001 | (c) |
| Os ppb Ir ppb Pt ppb | | | | | | | 0.023 | (c) |
| Au ppb Th ppm | 0.009 | (a) | | | | | 0.009 <0.036 | (c) |
| U ppm technique. | <0.006 : (a) radiat | (a) tion | countina. | (b) e | elec. Probe. | (c) | INAA. RN | 'AA |

technique: (a) radiation counting, (b) elec. Probe, (c) INAA, RNAA

References for 62275.

Bersch M.G., Taylor G.J., Keil K. and Norman M.D. (1991) Mineral compositions in pristine lunar highland rocks and the diversity of highland magmatism. *Geophys. Res. Lett.* **18**, 2085-2088.

Butler P. (1972a) Lunar Sample Information Catalog Apollo 16. Lunar Receiving Laboratory. MSC 03210 Curator's Catalog. pp. 370.

Clark R.S. and Keith J.E. (1973) Determination of natural and cosmic ray induced radionuclides in Apollo 16 lunar samples. *Proc.* 4th *Lunar Sci. Conf.* 2105-2113.

Dowty E., Prinz M. and Keil K. (1974b) Ferroan anorthosite: a widespread and distinctive lunar rock type. *Earth Planet. Sci. Lett.* **24**, 15-25.

Herzberg C.T. (1978) The bearing of spinel cataclasites on the crust-mantle structure of the Moon. *Proc.* 9th *Lunar Planet. Sci. Conf.* 319-336.

Herzberg C.T. (1979) Identification of pristine lunar highland rocks: Criteria based on mineral chemistry and stability (abs). *Lunar Planet. Sci.* **X**, 537-539. Lunar Planetary Institute, Houston.

LSPET (1973b) The Apollo 16 lunar samples: Petrographic and chemical description. *Science* **179**, 23-34.

LSPET (1972c) Preliminary examination of lunar samples. *In* Apollo 16 Preliminary Science Report. NASA SP-315, 7-1—7-58.

Prinz M., Dowty E., Keil K. and Bunch T.E. (1973a) Spinel troctolite and anorthosite in Apollo 16 samples. *Science* **179**, 74-76.

Ryder G. and Norman M.D. (1980) Catalog of Apollo 16 rocks (3 vol.). Curator's Office pub. #52, JSC #16904

Sutton R.L. (1981) Documentation of Apollo 16 samples. *In* Geology of the Apollo 16 area, central lunar highlands. (Ulrich et al.) U.S.G.S. Prof. Paper 1048.

Ulrich G.E., Hodges C.A. and Muehlberger W.R. (1981) Geology of the Apollo 16 Area, Central Lunar Highlands. U.S. Geol. Survey Prof. Paper 1048

Ulrich, Muehlberger and many others (1973) Apollo 16 geologic exploration of Descartes: A geologic summary. *Science* **179**, 42-49.

Warner R.D., Dowty E., Prinz M., Conrad G.H., Nehru C.E. and Keil K. (1976c) Catalog of Apollo 16 rake samples from the LM area and station 5. Spec. Publ. #13, UNM Institute of Meteoritics, Albuquerque. 87 pp.

Warren P.H. (1993) A concise compilation of petrologic information on possibly pristine nonmare Moon rocks. *Am. Mineral.* **78**, 360-376.

Warren P.H. and Wasson J.T. (1977) Pristine nonmare rocks and the nature of the lunar crust. *Proc.* 8th *Lunar Sci. Conf.* 2215-2235.

Warren P.H., Taylor G.J., Keil K., Kaltemeyn G.W., Rosener P.S. and Wasson J.T. (1983c) Sixth foray for pristine nonmare rocks and an assessment of the diversity of lunar anorthosites. *Proc.* 13th Lunar Planet. Sci. Conf. in J. Geophys. Res. **88**, A615-A630.

Warren P.H., Taylor G.J., Keil K., Kallemeyn G.W., Shirley D. and Wasson J.T. (1983d) Seventh foray: Whitlockiterich lithologies, a diopside-bearing troctolitic anorthosite, ferroan anorthosite and KREEP. *Proc. 14th Lunar Planet. Sci. Conf.* in J. Geophys. Res. **88**, B151-B164.