



**Scientific instruments  
of Russian Lunar Landers  
“Luna-Recourse” and “Luna-Glob”**

*Igor Mitrofanov,  
Landers Mission Scientist  
on behalf of “Luna-Resource” and “Luna-Glob” Teams*

September 14, 2010



**FIRST ANNOUNCEMENT**

***1<sup>st</sup> International Workshop***  
***“Landing site selection for Luna-Glob Lander”***

**Institute for Space Research**  
**Moscow**  
**January 25 – 27, 2011**

**Goal of the 1<sup>st</sup> Workshop:**  
**Identification of the most interesting and safe landing sites candidates for Lander of “Luna-Glob” Mission**

**Participation in the 1<sup>st</sup> Workshop:**  
**Co-investigators of “Luna-Glob” mission, participants of another lunar missions with intention for cooperation, endorsed representatives of space agencies and space science centers, authors of invited and contributed presentations**

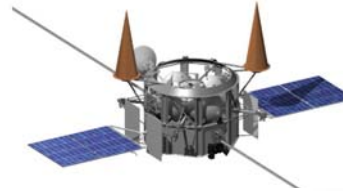
**Program of the 1<sup>st</sup> Workshop:**  
**Concept of Lander – Engineering constrains for landing – investigations with selected instruments of the Lander – coordination with another missions - presentations of landing sites candidates – definition of candidates list**

**Applications**  
**for participation with Abstracts of presentations should be submitted to Igor Mitrofanov ([imitrofa@space.ru](mailto:imitrofa@space.ru)) or Maxim Litvak ([mlitvak.iki@gmail.com](mailto:mlitvak.iki@gmail.com)) with deadline of October 17, 2010**

**Workshop Organizers:**  
**Academician Lev Zelenyi, Scientific Lead of “Luna-Glob” mission**  
**Dr. Igor Mitrofanov, Mission Scientist of Lander of “Luna-Glob”**

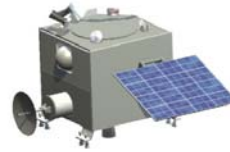
**Luna-Glob  
with  
Polar Lander and Orbiter**

**2012**



**Luna-Resource  
(Polar Lander)  
with  
Chandrayaan-2 (India, Orbiter)**

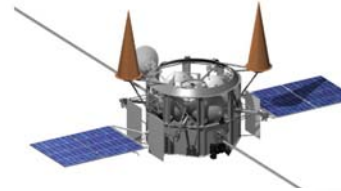
**2013**



**Mini-Rover  
(India)**

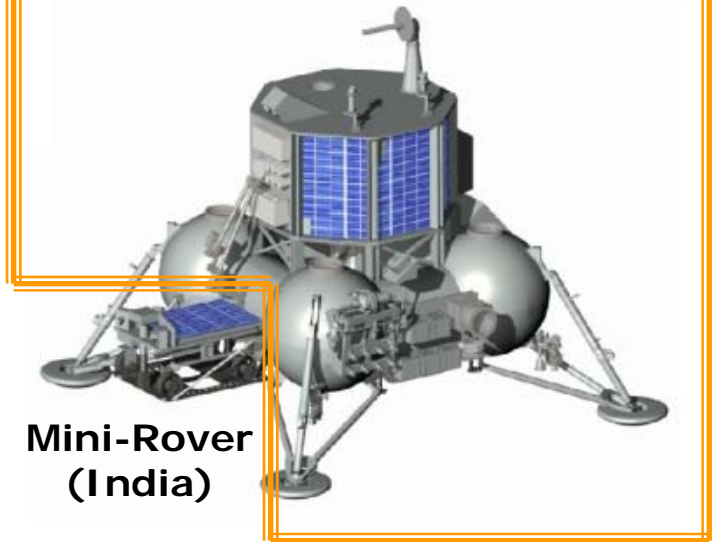
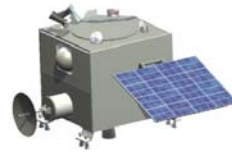
**Luna-Glob  
with  
Lander and Orbiter**

**2012**



**Luna-Resource (Lander)  
with  
Chandrayaan-2 (India, Orbiter)**

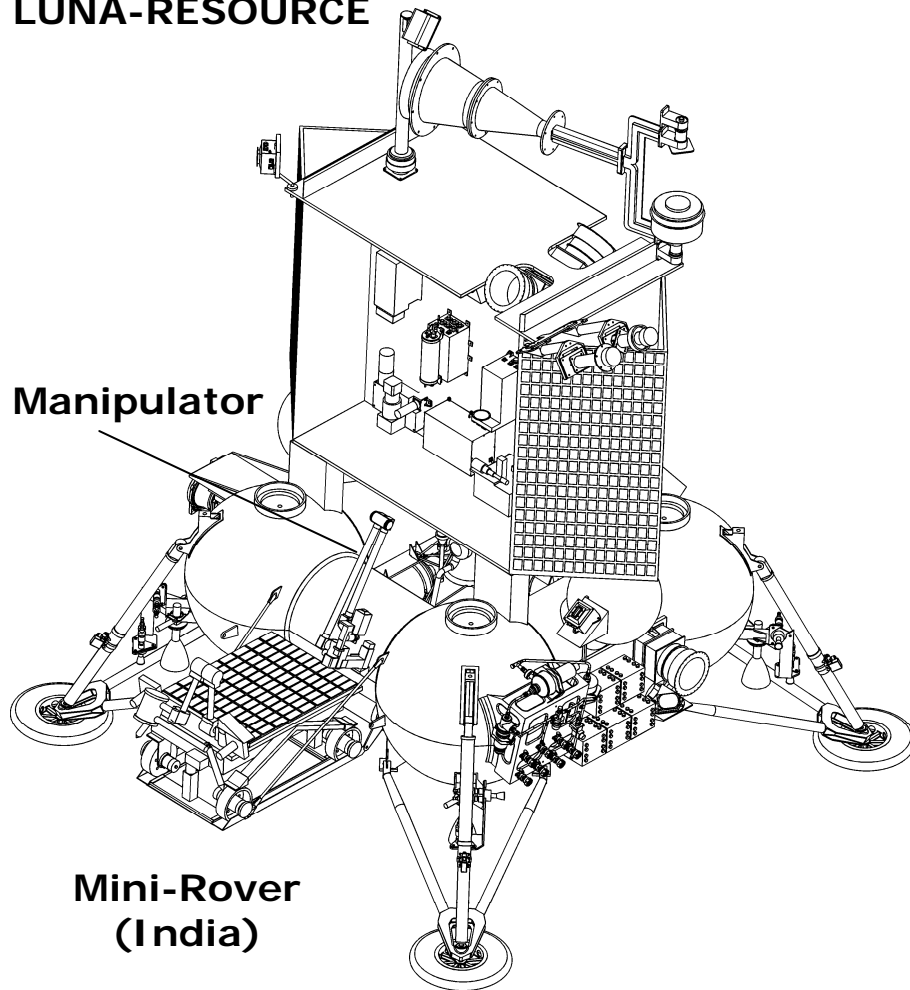
**2013**



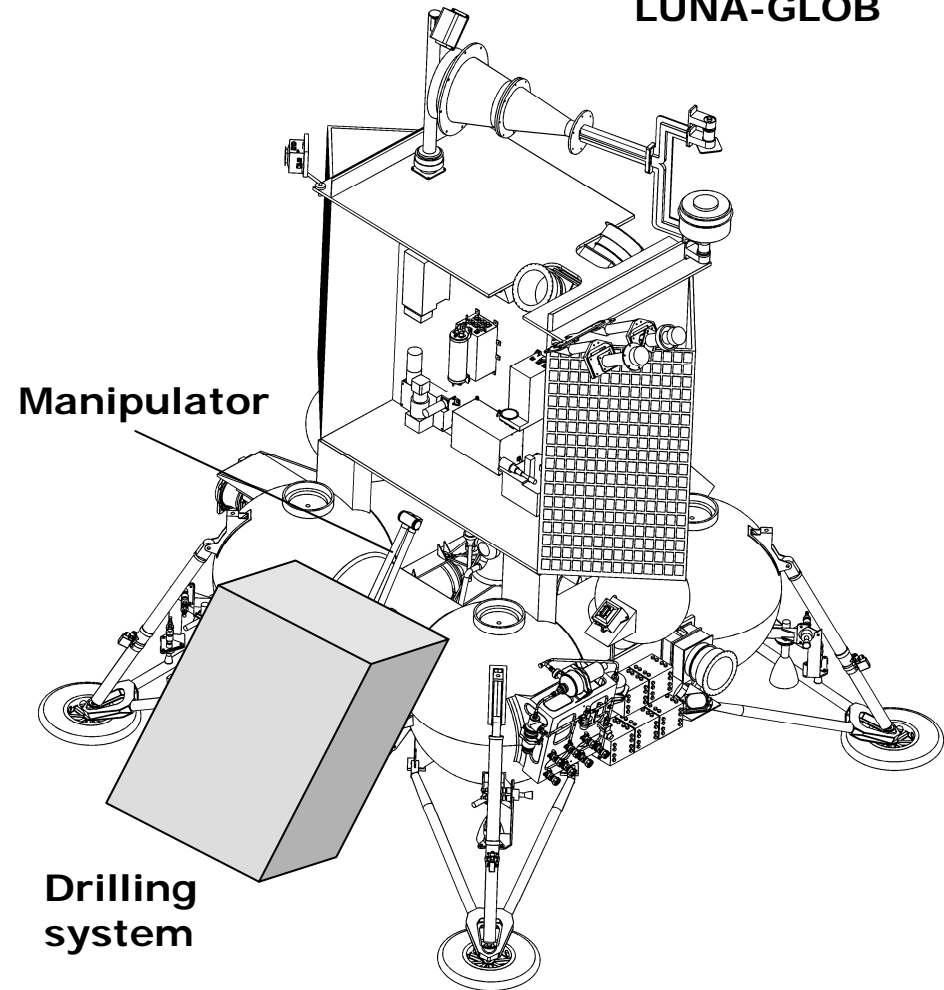
**Mini-Rover  
(India)**

## Landers configuration

LUNA-RESOURCE



LUNA-GLOB





## **Main Scientific Tasks of Landers:**

**TASK 1:** Investigation of composition of subsurface and processes of its formation at Lunar Poles (volatiles, H<sub>2</sub>O, layering, etc.)

**TASK 2:** Investigation of interaction between cosmic plasma and surface and processes of exosphere at Lunar Poles (solar wind, neutrals, dust)

## **Main Criteria for payload Selection**

- 1) Correspondence to TASKS 1 or 2
- 2) High TDR Level  $\geq 6$



## Selected Scientific Payload of Landers of L-R and L-G

Instrument	Measurements/Operations	Mass (kg)	PI
<b>Navigation</b>			
Radio-Beacon	Radio signal with good stability	1.1	A.S.Kosov, IKI
<b>Instruments for remote studies of regolith on Manipulator</b>			
TV for Field of Operations	Imaging of Field of Operation with Pointing Capability	0.5	A.V.Bondarenko, IKI
UF Imaging Spectrometer	UF spectra of minerals	0.5	A.N.Lipatov, IKI
LIS_IR	IR spectra of minerals	1.0	O.I.Korablev, IKI
<b>Instruments for analysis of regolith served by Manipulator</b>			
Gas analytic complex	Analysis of volatiles content and isotopic ratios	10.4	M.V.Gerasimov, IKI and Vernadsky Institute
LASMA	Laser mass-spectrometer	2.6	G.G.Managadze, IKI
<b>Instruments for remote sensing</b>			
ADRON	Active neutron and gamma-ray analysis of nuclei composition	6.7	I.G.Mitrofanov, IKI
Radiometer-Thermometer	Measurements of temperature of subsurface regolith	0.5	D.P.Skulachev, IKI
Contact Thermometer	Measurements of temperature of regolith on surface and in drilling hole (for L-G only)	0.4	L.P.Moskaleva, Vernadsky Institute
PmL	Measurements of dust	1.5	G.G.Dolnikov, IKI
LINA and ARIES	Measurements of plasma and neutroils	3.8	A.A.Skalsky and O.L.Vaisberg, IKI
<b>Seismometry</b>			
SEISMO	Measurements of seismic activity	1.0	A.B.Manukin, Institute of Physics of Earth

## Radio-Beacon Transmitter

Two transmitters X and K band 0.2 Wt

Frequency stability  $5 \times 10^{-13}$  for  $<100$  s or  
 $1 \times 10^{-13}$  for  $<10^3$  s

Flight prototype for Phobos-Soil-Return mission

Science Task 1:

Study of internal motions of the Moon by the phase-referencing method with support of ground radio telescopes for investigations of internal structure of the Moon

Science Task 2:

Study of relative motion between Lander and Orbiter of Lunar-Glob for investigation of lunar gravity field

Service Task:

To provide radio-beacon service for future landers and orbiters





## UV-Optical Spectrometer-Imager

**Imaging of surface at three optical spectral bands**

**Photometry of surface at 9 narrow spectral bands from 278 to 1052 nm**

**UV-luminescent analysis**



**Science TASK 1:**

**Mineralogical composition of polar regolith and separate stones on the surface and within a shallow subsurface**

**Science/Service TASK 2:**

**Imaging of Field of Manipulator Operations in 3 optical spectral bands**

## LIS – Lunar IR Spectrometer

**Spectral range 1.4 – 3.5 microns**

**Spectral resolution 15 – 25 nm**

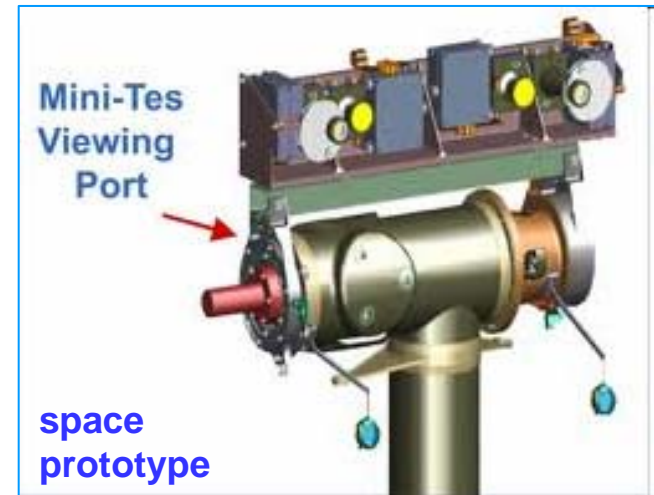
**Field of View about 1°, or 17 cm at 10 m**

### **Science TASK 1:**

**Measurements of OH and H<sub>2</sub>O content in polar regolith on the surface and within a shallow subsurface**

### **Science TASK 2:**

**Testing for daily variations of hydration and for decay of hydration after removing of the upper-most layer**



## Gas Analytic Complex

- Thermal Differential Analyzer
- Gas Chromatograph
- Mass Spectrometer

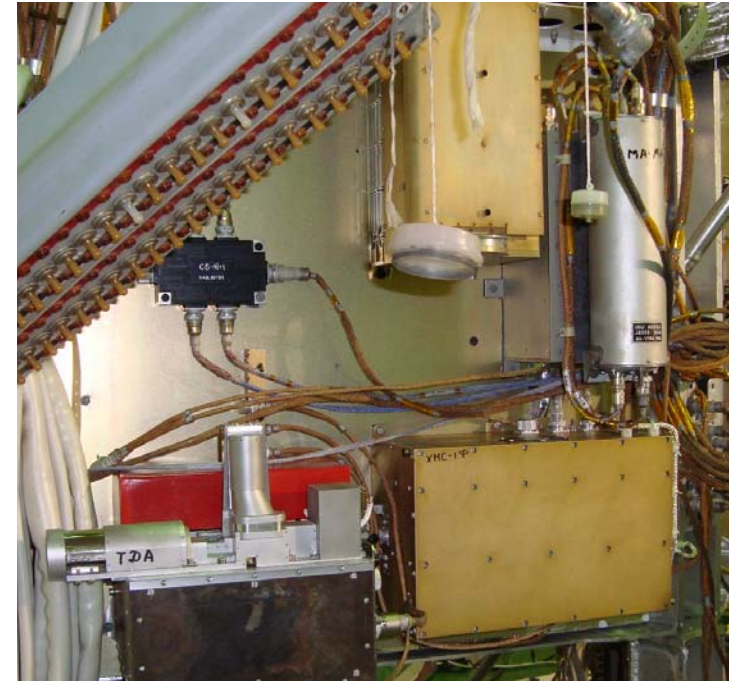
Instrument for Phobos-Soil-Return, as prototype

### Science TASK 1:

Measurements of volatiles in lunar regolith from the surface and within a shallow subsurface

### Science TASK 2:

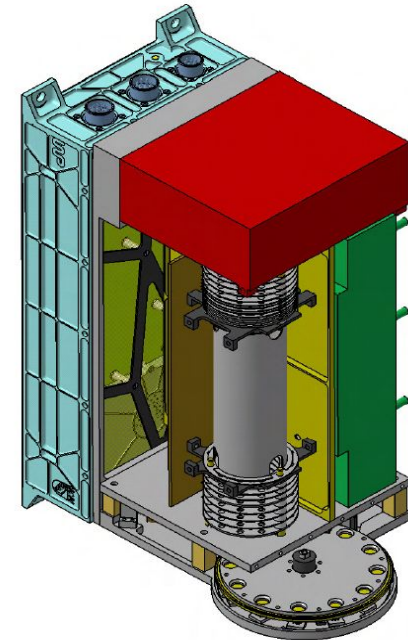
Testing for isotopic ratios of particular elements of volatiles in lunar regolith



## LASMA – Laser Mass Analyzer

- Laser-evaporation system of testing samples
- Mass Spectrometer

Instrument for Phobos-Soil-Return, as prototype



### Science TASK 1:

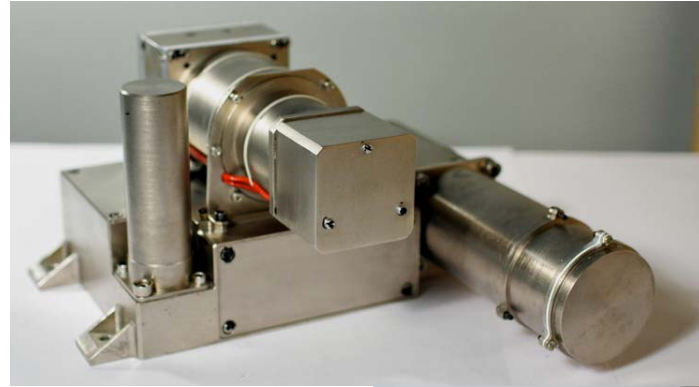
Measurements of volatiles in lunar regolith from the surface and within a shallow subsurface

### Science TASK 2:

Testing for isotopic ratios of particular elements of volatiles in lunar regolith

## ADRON

- Pulsing neutron generator to study composition of subsurface regolith
- Detector of post-pulse neutrons
- Detection of post-pulse gamma-rays



Instruments for Phobos-Soil-Return and NASA MSL,  
as prototype

### Science TASK 1:

Measurements of neutron post-pulse emission to study content of hydrogen and layering structure of shallow subsurface

### Science TASK 2:

Measurements of gamma-rays post-pulse emission to study composition of regolith and layering structure of shallow subsurface

## Radiometer-Thermometer

- Measurements of radiation from subsurface at 2.5, 3.3 and 5.0 cm
- 1 meter depth temperature variation with 15 cm discreteness and accuracy about 1 degree



Instrument for Relict project is used, as prototype



### Science TASK 1:

Measurements of diurnal and annual variations of subsurface temperature

### Science TASK 2:

Measurements of complex dielectrical parameter of regolith

## PmL – Dust Detector

- Measurements of impacts from dust grains with accuracy of  $10^{-12} - 10^{-14}$  N sec
- Measurements of charge about  $10^{-12}$  Qoulomb



Instrument for Phobos-Soil-Return mission is used, as prototype

### Science TASK 1:

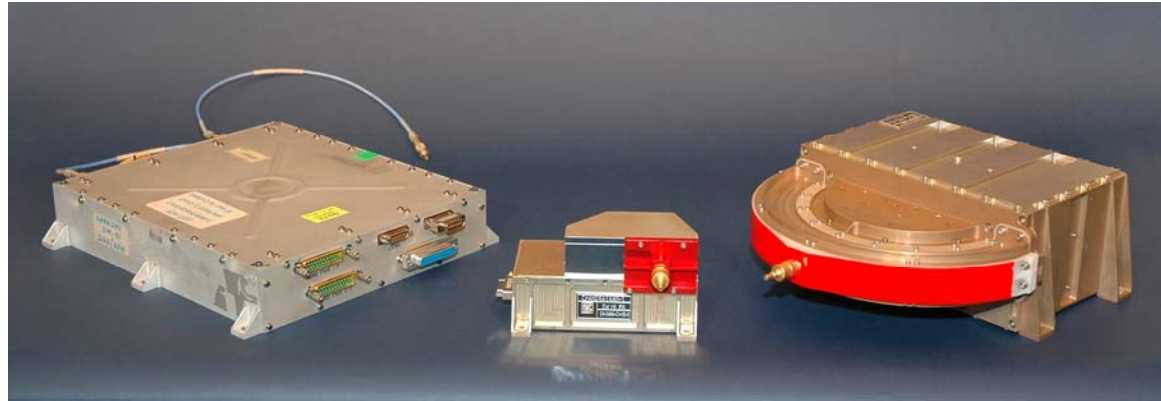
Measurements of flux, distribution of mass and distribution charge of lunar dust

### Science TASK 2:

Detection of micro-meteorites and secondary particles of regolith

## LINA – Detector of charge particles and neutrals

- Measurements of ions <40 amu of solar wind 10 eV – 15 keV
- Measurements of neutral particles 1 – 56 amu with energy 10 eV – 3.2 keV



Instrument for Phobos-Soil-Return mission is used, as prototype

### Science TASK 1:

Interaction of solar wind with lunar surface at poles

### Science TASK 2:

Creation and transport of charged and neutral particles in lunar exosphere



## ARIES – Panoramic energy-mass spectrometer of ions

- Measurements of ions 1 - 100 amu of solar wind 3 and exosphere 3 eV – 5 keV
- Directional measurements of impact particles 7.5° x 15°



Instrument for Phobos-Soil-Return mission is used, as prototype

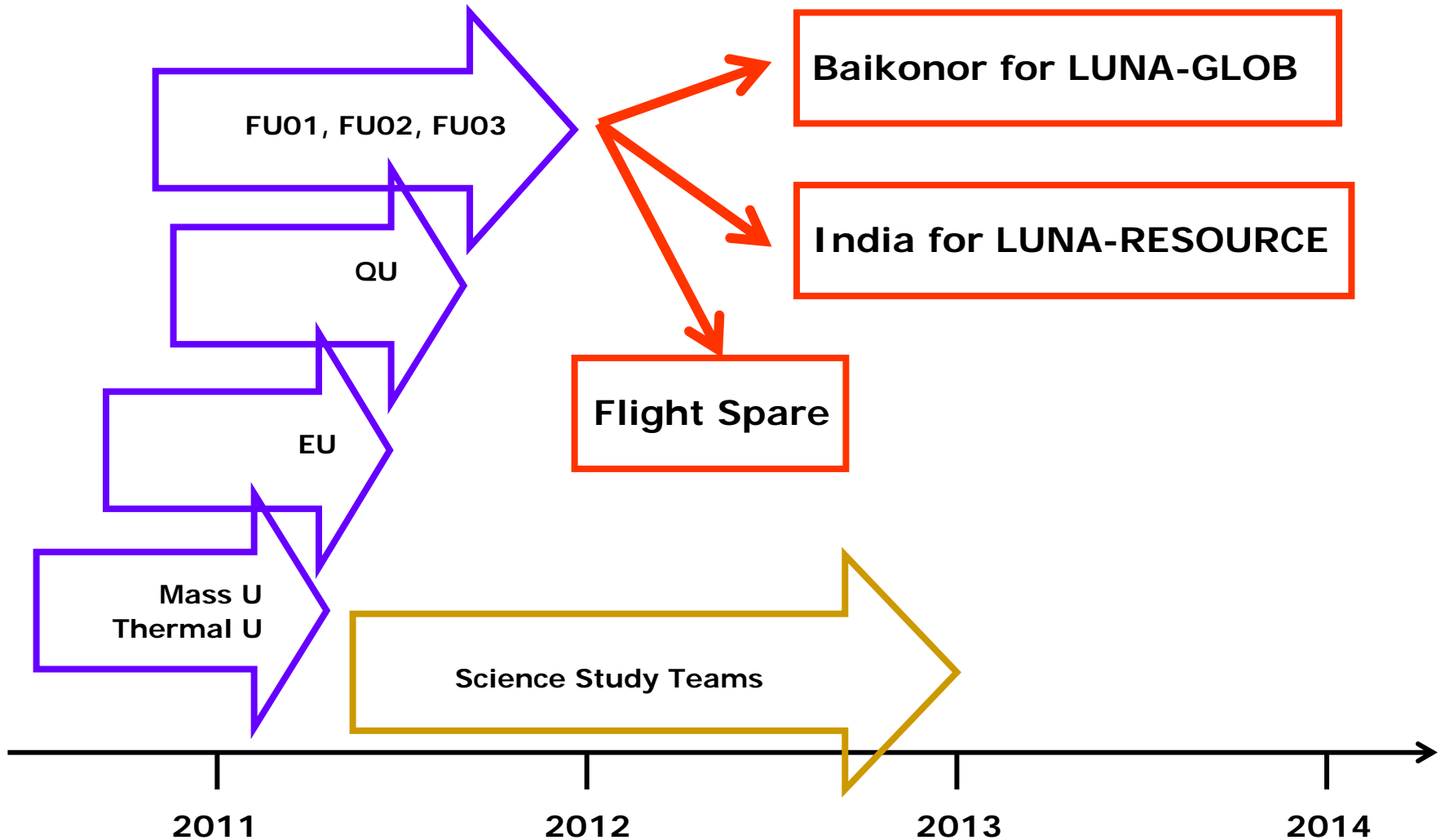
### Science TASK 1:

Interaction of solar wind with lunar surface at poles

### Science TASK 2:

Creation and transport of charged particles in lunar exosphere

## Strategy and time of missions implementation (Landers)



## Long-term Strategy: Successive Steps for Robotic Lunar Missions (2011 – 2020)



**LUNA-GLOB**



Посадочная станция (Россия)  
с минироботом (Индия)

**LUNA-RESOURCE**



Посадочный аппарат  
с луноходом

**LUNA-LD-ROVER**



Посадочный аппарат  
с взлетной ракетой

**LUNA-SR**



**FIRST ANNOUNCEMENT**

***1<sup>st</sup> International Workshop***  
***“Landing site selection for Luna-Glob Lander”***

**Institute for Space Research**  
**Moscow**  
**January 25 – 27, 2011**

**Goal of the 1<sup>st</sup> Workshop:**  
**Identification of the most interesting and safe landing sites candidates for Lander of “Luna-Glob” Mission**

**Participation in the 1<sup>st</sup> Workshop:**  
**Co-investigators of “Luna-Glob” mission, participants of another lunar missions with intention for cooperation, endorsed representatives of space agencies and space science centers, authors of invited and contributed presentations**

**Program of the 1<sup>st</sup> Workshop:**  
**Concept of Lander – Engineering constrains for landing – investigations with selected instruments of the Lander – coordination with another missions - presentations of landing sites candidates – definition of candidates list**

**Applications**  
**for participation with Abstracts of presentations should be submitted to Igor Mitrofanov ([imitrofa@space.ru](mailto:imitrofa@space.ru)) or Maxim Litvak ([mlitvak.iki@gmail.com](mailto:mlitvak.iki@gmail.com)) with deadline of October 17, 2010**

**Workshop Organizers:**  
**Academician Lev Zelenyi, Scientific Lead of “Luna-Glob” mission**  
**Dr. Igor Mitrofanov, Mission Scientist of Lander of “Luna-Glob”**