PRELIMINARY DESCRIPTION OF 60014, TOP HALF OF DOUBLE DRIVE TUBE 60014/60013. Carol Schwarz, Lockheed-ESC, 2400 NASA Road 1, Houston, TX 77058

Lunar sample 60014, the top half of double drive tube 60014/13, was opened recently and preliminary information on its contents and structure is now available.

The Apollo 16 double drive tube was taken in April 1972 at Station 10', about 75 m west-southwest of the LM at the Descartes landing site in the Central highlands [1]. Three cores were taken near the LM site, 60010/60009 and 60014/60013, both double drive tubes; and 60007-60001, a deep drill string. These were intended to sample "typical" Cayley Plains material and were taken approximately 50 m apart in a triangular pattern [2].

The core is relatively fine-grained, but the surface material at Station 10' is relatively coarse-grained with 20 to 50 cm blocks moderately abundant [3]. The Station 10' area has few small craters but some large 10 - 20 m craters are present. Most of the rocks collected at Station 10 and 10' were fine-grained crystalline rocks and light- and dark-matrix breccias [4]. The material sampled by the 60014/13 core is believed to be South Ray Crater ejecta [1].

Core 60014 was extruded on October 16, 1990, at JSC. The apparent length of the core before extrusion, from x-radiographs, was 28.6 cm. The length after extrusion was 28.2 cm. Only very minor compaction occurred during extrusion. A weight of 570.3 g was calculated from previously weighed core tube hardware.

A void of 2 to 3 cm in width extended from the top to about 4cm. This void was still present after extrusion. The upper ~5 cm is loosely packed. Below 5 cm, the core is noticeably more compact and coherent. The color of 60014 was approximately 10YR 5/1 on the Munsell Color Scale. No distinct color boundaries were observed in the core.

A close examination of the >1 mm particles showed that about 83% are in the 1-2 mm size range, 15% are 2-4 mm, and <1% are greater than 4 mm. The lithology of the particles as determined by binocular examination consists of four types. 52% are breccias, including soil breccias, breccias with glass splashes, and miscellaneous breccias. About 21% are white and light gray fragments (plagioclase crystals, anorthositic breccias and light gray basalts). About 16% are dark, coherent particles, usually dust-covered, which may be basalts or glassy matrix breccias. 11% of the >1mm particles are glasses, including about 80% agglutinates with the remaining being shards, spheres, and miscellaneous glass fragments. More information will become available as the second and third passes are completed.

[1] Apollo Lunar Geology Investigation Team (1972), in Interagency Report: Astrogeology 51, p. 23.
[2] Fruland, R.M. and Reimold, J.N. (1981), in Introduction to the Core Samples From the Apollo 16 Landing Site, JSC doc. 17659, p. 12-14.

[3] LSPET (1972), in Apollo 16 Preliminary Science Report, p. 7-46 to 7-47.

[4] Muelberger, W. R., et.al. (1972), in Apollo 16 Preliminary Science Report, p. 6-1, 6-16 to 6-17.

DRIVE TUBE 60014 (First Dissection)

	Depth (cm)	<1 mm Fraction Sample		>1 mm Fraction ' Sample		Special Samples			
	_ 25	No.	Wt	No.	Wt	No.	WL	Туре	
-	- 05	11	.951	12	.131				65 65
d stank	1.0	13	.763	14	.054				6
•	- 1.5	15	1.014	16	.102	-			<u>c</u>
4D	- 2.0	19		1 20	.154	-			0
4	- 25	21	1.243	22	.066				
January 1	3.0	23	1.424		.026				
1	— 3.5 — 4.0	25	1.601	26	.061				
	- 45	27		28	.009				
0	- 5.0	29		30	.044	1			
· · ·	- 55	31	1.936	32	.123	-			
0	6.0	33	1.840	34	.137	-			
ه 🚕 ه	- 65	37		38	.089	-			
	7.0	39	1.642	40	.089				
0 .:	- 7.5 - 8.0	41	1.726	42	.061		W-0		
°0 0.	- 8.5	43	1.962	44	.163				
EM *:	- 9.0	45	1.935	46	.127				
10	- 9.5	47	1.714	48	266				
	- 10.0	49	2.008	50	.152	-			
•	- 10.5	51	2.144	52	.071	_			
0 0	- 11.0	55	1.928	56	.164				
€ .	-11.5	57	1.797	58	.085				
, 0	— 12.0 — 12.5	59	1.69	60	.067				
	-13.0	61	1.714	62	.125				
	-135	63	1.716	64	.127				
an.	-14.0	65	2.181	66	.152				
ρ.	-145	67	1.761	68	.081	_			
20	15.0	71	1,388	70	.112				
0 73 0	- 15.5	73	1.842	74	.122	75	.373	dust covered	
ت م	-16.0 -16.5	76	1.771	77	.144				
0	- 17.0	78	1.879	79	.092				
	- 17.5	80	2.115	81	.167				
× 6	-18.0	82	2.137	83	2				
2 2 2	- 18.5	84	1.822	85	.193			75.77	
500 July	— 19.0	86	1.747	89	.168	90	.487	soil bx/glass	
	— 19.5	91	1.986	92	254				
JOW.	- 20.0 20.5	93	1.635	94	.137				
OF THE	- 20.5 - 21.0	95	1.89	96	.286	97	.456	basalt	
\$ S.	-21.5	98		99	.150				
0	-220	100		101	262				
Mark 0 4 Fall	-225	102		103	.099				
-	-23.0	104		105	.177				
0 0	-235	108		109	.151				
~	-24.0	110		111	.188		7		mm.
0.	-245	112		113	.159				Breccia
0.00	- 25.0 - 25.5	114		115	.180				Glass
9	-26.0	116		117	.109				Glass
	-265	118		119	.326	TO T			Soil Breccia
36	- 27.0	120		121	.086		-		
" "	-275	122		123	.162	-			White
0	-28.0	124		125 127	.070	-			777
	11 1500 mm								
	- 28.2 - 29.0	125	1.077	121	.070				Basalt (?)