

**Photochemistry in the Atmospheres of Habitable Planets Surrounding M Dwarfs.** F. Tian<sup>1,2</sup>, <sup>1</sup>National Astronomical Observatories, Beijing, China (tianfengCO@gmail.com), <sup>2</sup>Center for Earth System Sciences, Tsinghua University, Beijing, China.

**Introduction:** Searching for habitable planets around M dwarfs are considered the fast track to find a second Earth. However, recent observations show that the UV spectra of M dwarfs are dramatically different from solar-type stars [1]. Because UV radiation drives the photochemistry in planetary atmospheres, the impact of UV environment of M dwarf planets to the composition of planetary atmosphere needs to be studied. In this work we will use the observed UV spectra of several M dwarfs in a 1-D photochemistry model and compare simulation results with that obtained from model results based on solar UV spectrum. We will focus on whether O<sub>2</sub> and ozone could become possible false 'positive' signatures of life under realistic M dwarf UV radiation.

**References:** [1] K. France et al. (2012) ApJL 750, L32.