Planetary Science Decadal Survey 2009-2011

Steve Squyres Chairman, 2009-2011 Planetary Science Decadal Survey

Planetary Science Subcommittee Washington, D.C., 10 July, 2009

What is a Decadal Survey?

Origin:

Astronomy community in the '60s.

Purpose:

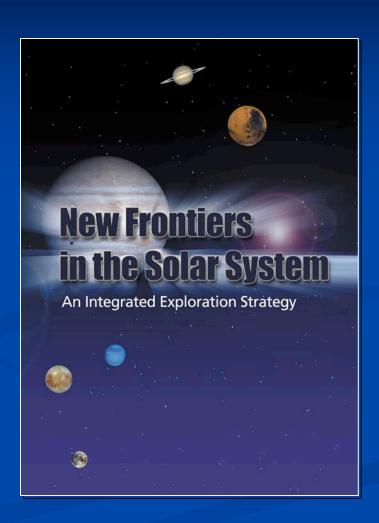
- Identify the most important scientific questions for the next decade.
- Prioritize the missions that can address these questions.

Organization:

- Steering Committee
- Topical Panels
- Extensive community input
- 1st Planetary Survey: 2001/2002

Other Surveys:

- Solar and Space Physics (2002)
- Earth Observation from Space (2007)
- Life and Microgravity Sciences (in progress)



What will the Report Address?

Major Tasks:

- Overview of planetary science and current state of knowledge
- Inventory of the key scientific questions
- Assessment of NSF-funded infrastructure
- Recommendations on program balance:
 - Mix of mission targets
 - Mix of mission sizes
 - Research activities
- Prioritized recommendations for New Frontiers and flagship missions for the next decade
- Recommendations for NASA-funded research activities
- Recommendations for technology development

Scope

- Ground- and space-based planetary science
- Astrobiology

2009-2011 Decadal Survey Committee Organization

Steering Committee

Steve Squyres, Chair Larry Soderblom Vice Chair Vice Chairs of Panels 9 others

Inner Planets Panel

Chair Vice Chair: Mackwell 10 others

Outer Planets

Panel

Chair Vice Chair: Simon-Miller 9 others

Primitive Bodies

Panel

Chair
Vice Chair: McSween
10 others

Mars

Panel

Chair
Vice Chair: Calvin
11 others

Outer Planet Satellites

Panel

Chair
Vice Chair: Stevenson
10 others

Steering Group

- Steven W. Squyres, Cornell University
- Laurence A. Soderblom, U.S. Geological Survey
- Wendy M. Calvin, University of Nevada, Reno
- Dale Cruikshank, NASA Ames Research Center
- Pascale Ehrenfreund, George Washington University and Leiden Institute of Chemistry
- G. Scott Hubbard, Stanford University
- Wesley T. Huntress, Jr., Carnegie Institution of Washington
- Margaret G. Kivelson, University of California, Los Angeles
- B. Gentry Lee, Jet Propulsion Laboratory
- Jane Luu, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Lincoln Laboratory
- Stephen Mackwell, Lunar and Planetary Institute
- Ralph L. McNutt, Jr., Johns Hopkins University, Applied Physics Laboratory
- Harry Y. McSween, Jr., University of Tennessee, Knoxville
- Amy Simon-Miller, NASA Goddard Space Flight Center
- David J. Stevenson, California Institute of Technology
- A. Thomas Young, Lockheed Martin Corporation (Retired)

Steering Group

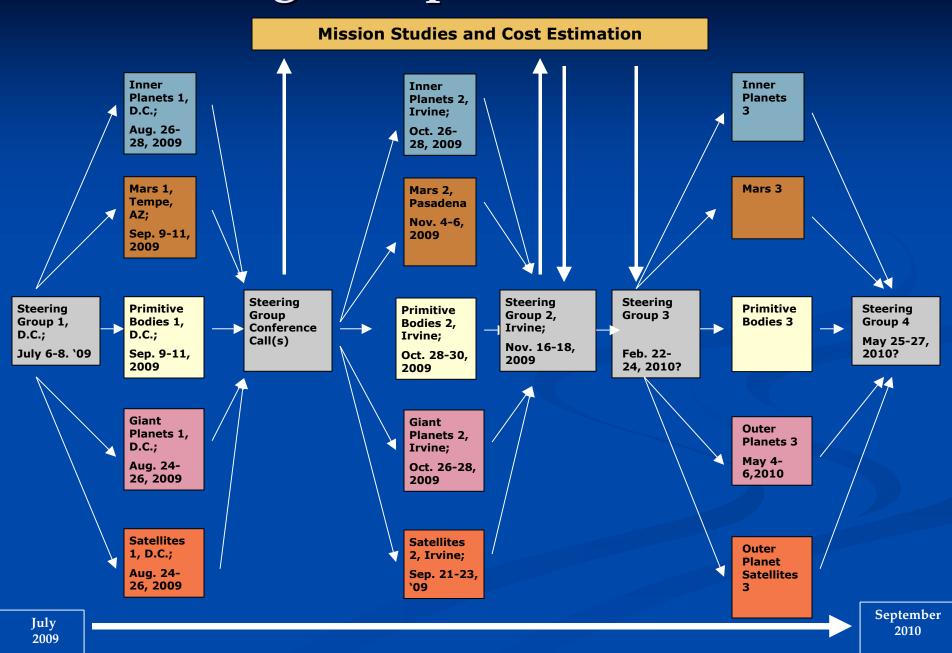


Solar System Decadal Survey, Steering Group, Washington, DC. July 6-8, 2009
Back row: Steve Mackwell, Pascale Ehrenfreund, Wes Huntress, Wendy Calvin, Steve Squyres, Ralph McNutt, Scott Hubbard, Tom Young, Amy Simon-Miller, David Smith. Front row: Dale Cruikshank, Larry Soderblom

Overall Schedule 2008-2011

2008	4 th Quarter	Informal request received, NRC approves initiation, Formal request received, Proposal to NASA.
2009	1st Ouguston	Funding appointed Chain identified
	1 st Quarter	Funding received, Chair identified, Chair and vice chair appointed
	2 nd Quarter 3 rd Quarter	Steering Group appointed, Panels Appointed Meetings of the Steering Group and Panels begin
	4 th Quarter	Panels' period of peak activity
2010		
2010	1 st - 2 nd Quarter 2 nd -3 rd Quarter 4 th Quarter	Final Panel meetings, Panel reports finalized Prioritization and drafting of survey report Draft survey report to reviewers, Report revised
0044	1 Quarter	Diant saivey report to reviewers, report revised
2011	1 st Quarter	Report approved, NASA briefed
		and report released (pre-publication format)
	3 rd Quarter	Printed report released

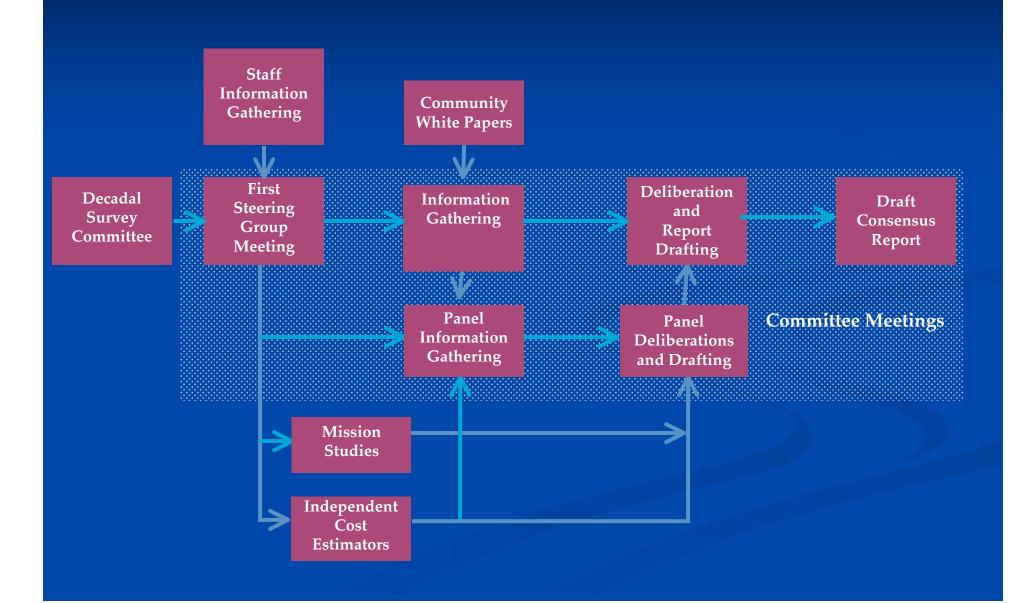
Steering Group/Panel Interactions



Meeting Schedule

Steering Group	Inner Planets	Mars	Primitive Bodies	Giant Planets	Satellites
6-8 July Washington D.C.					
16-18 November Irvine California	26-28 August Washington D.C.	9-11 September Tempe Arizona	9-11 September Washington D.C.	24-26 August Washington D.C.	24-26 August Washington D.C.
22-24 February? Arizona or California	26-28 October Irvine California	4-6 November Pasadena California	28-30 October Irvine California	26-28 October Irvine California	21-23 September Irvine California
25-27 May? Washington D.C.	TBD	TBD	TBD	4-6 May Boston? Massachusetts	TBD

Steering Group and Panel Meetings



Community Interactions

Broad community input is a defining feature of a decadal survey

- Town hall and open meetings were held as early as possible in the process of establishing the survey committee (e.g., DPS, AGU and VEXAG, MEPAG, OPAG, RAS, LPSC and CAPTEM).
- Future outreach sessions are planned for the upcoming OPAG, NLSI, MEPAG, EPSC, DPS, AGU and LPSC meetings.
- White papers submission mechanism is live on decadal survey web site (http://www7.nationalacademies.org/ssb/SSEdecadal2011.html)
- Steering committee and panel meetings will be webcast live and archived in full.
- Coordinate with other groups that have overlapping interests.
- Graduate students are being recruited as rapporteurs for steering group and panel meetings (See Decadal web site for more info)

Examples of Future Outreach Events

- OPAG, 14 July, Columbia, Maryland, Presentation
- NLSI/LEAG, 22-23 July, Moffett Field, California, Presentation
- MEPAG, 30 July, Providence, Rhode Island, Presentation
- EPSC, 14 September, Potsdam, Germany, Presentation
- DPS, 4-9 October, Fajardo, Puerto Rico, Plenary Session and Workshops
- AGU, 14-18 December, San Francisco, California, Session (Proposed)
- LPSC, 1-5 March, The Woodlands, Texas, TBD

Evaluation of Candidate Missions 2009-2011

- Compared to previous decadal surveys, this one will place <u>much</u> greater emphasis on evaluation of the technical maturity and probable costs of candidate missions.
- The Panels and the Steering Committee include members who are expert in engineering, project management, and cost estimation.
- Resources are available to do moderate-fidelity (and conservative!) cost estimates for a limited number of high-priority candidate missions.
- The objective is to produce a <u>realistic</u> (i.e., not heavily oversubscribed) set of candidate missions for NASA to carry out in the coming decade.

Assuring Fiscal and Technical Realism

A lack of technical and fiscal realism has been a major weakness of past decadal surveys (in planetary science and other disciplines). The decadal survey has adopted a twin-track approach to crafting more robust mission priorities.

Technical support in the form of mission studies will be conducted by the following groups:

The NRC will procure independent cost estimates from an appropriately qualified organization.

JPL Team X and Rapid Mission Architecture team. Four qualified companies have responded to an RFI; the winning contractor will be selected shortly.

- APL ACE lab
- GSFC Integrated Design
 Center(Mission Design Lab and Instrument Design Lab)

White Paper Submission

- White papers may be submitted before September 15, 2009, via the decadal survey web site.
- White papers may not be more than 7 pages in length.
- A cover page should include the primary author's name and a list of co-authors.
- Use a 12-pt font with 1-inch margins.
- Only Word (.doc) and Acrobat (.pdf) formats will be accepted.
- Multiple authorship that accurately reflects a consensus among many individuals is strongly encouraged.
- Everyone in the planetary science community is encouraged to author white papers; the only exception is the decadal survey panel chairs and steering committee members.

Summary

- The decadal survey process is aimed at articulating a program for the coming decade that represents as fully as possible the <u>true consensus view</u> of the US planetary science community.
- The distinguishing features of the decadal survey process are <u>inclusiveness</u> and <u>transparency</u>.
- In contrast to past decadal surveys, this one will place a strong emphasis on <u>cost realism</u>.
- The process is moving forward briskly. White paper inputs from the community are needed by <u>September 15</u>.